Algorithms, Incentives, and Multidimensional Preferences

Nima Haghpanah (MIT)

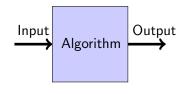
January 15, 2016

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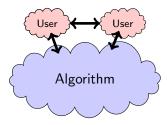
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Algorithms and Incentives

Past: Algorithms as black box



Now: Algorithm as Platform



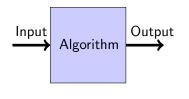
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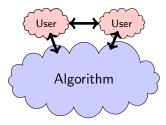
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Algorithms and Incentives

Past: Algorithms as black box







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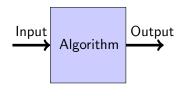
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Examples:

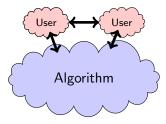
- Routing Protocols
- Crowdsourcing
- Electronic Commerce, Sharing Economy

Algorithms and Incentives

Past: Algorithms as black box







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Design requirement:

Consider user incentives

High quality vs. low quality

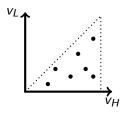
High quality vs. low quality

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- Distribution $f: (v_H, v_L) \sim f$
- Goal: maximize expected revenue

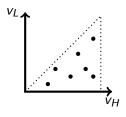


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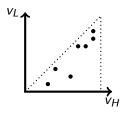
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Theorem (Haghpanah, Hartline, 2015)

If types with high v_H are less sensitive \Rightarrow Only offering high quality optimal



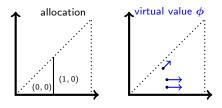
Reduce the average-case problem to a point-wise problem

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Lemma (Haghpanah, Hartline, 2015)

There exists a virtual value function ϕ such that

- Revenue of any mechanism = $E_{\mathbf{v}}[\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{v}) \cdot \phi(\mathbf{v})]$
- Selling only high quality maximizes $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{v}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{v})$ pointwise.



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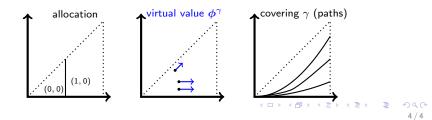
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Challenge:

• Find γ such that ϕ^{γ} satisfies second property

